

The next 20 years: A growing, changing region

Metro Leagues of Women Voters
January 11, 2020



Today's agenda

- Why and how Met Council prepares forecasts
- A view on the future
 - Regional demographics
 - Also what it means for local communities
- Discussion

Why we forecast

- 30-year forecasts of population, households, jobs
- Provide a shared foundation for coordinated planning, systems and services
 - Regional systems and services are scaled to meet forecasted demand
 - Local plans, infrastructure, services respond to the same forecasts
- Authorized by Minnesota Statutes 473.146 and 473.859
- Updated regularly to inform planning

Engaging with local governments

- The Council requires local land use plans be consistent with the Council's forecasts
 - Cities can adjust land uses, development intensity, or future development staging
 - Also, Met Council can adjust local forecasts, as needed
 - Goal: Council and local planners working from the same numbers

How we forecast: models

Models represent real-world questions in a simplified way

- Economic and employment growth
- Demographic change
- Interaction of land and transportation
- Real estate market dynamics




Forecast models toolkit

Regional economic model for region-level employment and population



Land use model for location of future land use, local households and employment



Travel demand model accounting for trips, connection of places

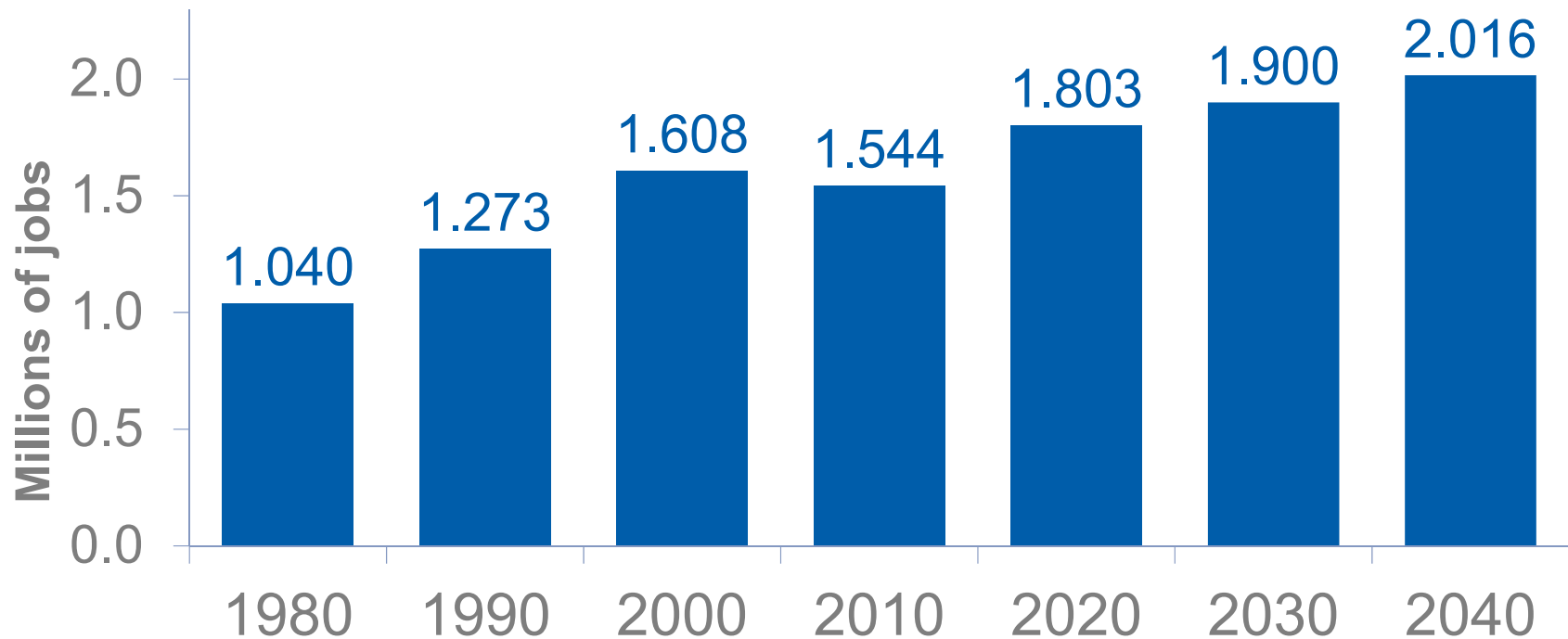
The regional forecast model

- REMI-PI is a regional economic and demographic model, all in one
- Key relationships:
 - The regional forecast recognizes the region as situated inside of a larger national economic and population forecast
 - Integrated relationships between jobs, workforce and population – and an integrated forecast

Regional forecast to 2040

	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040
Population	2,642,000	2,850,000	3,168,000	3,451,000	3,653,000
Households	1,021,000	1,118,000	1,237,000	1,351,000	1,447,000
Employment	1,608,000	1,544,000	1,803,000	1,900,000	2,016,000

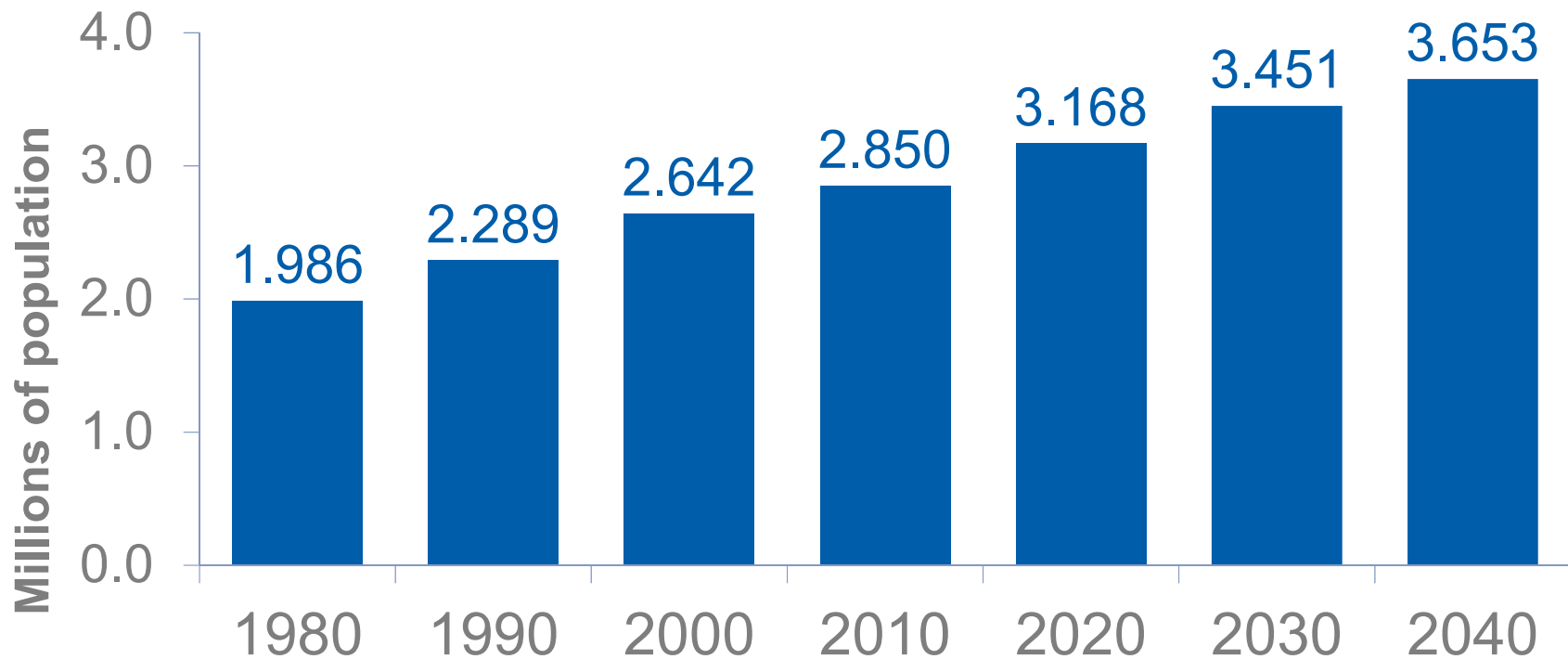
Over two million jobs by 2040



Source: 2010 data from Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

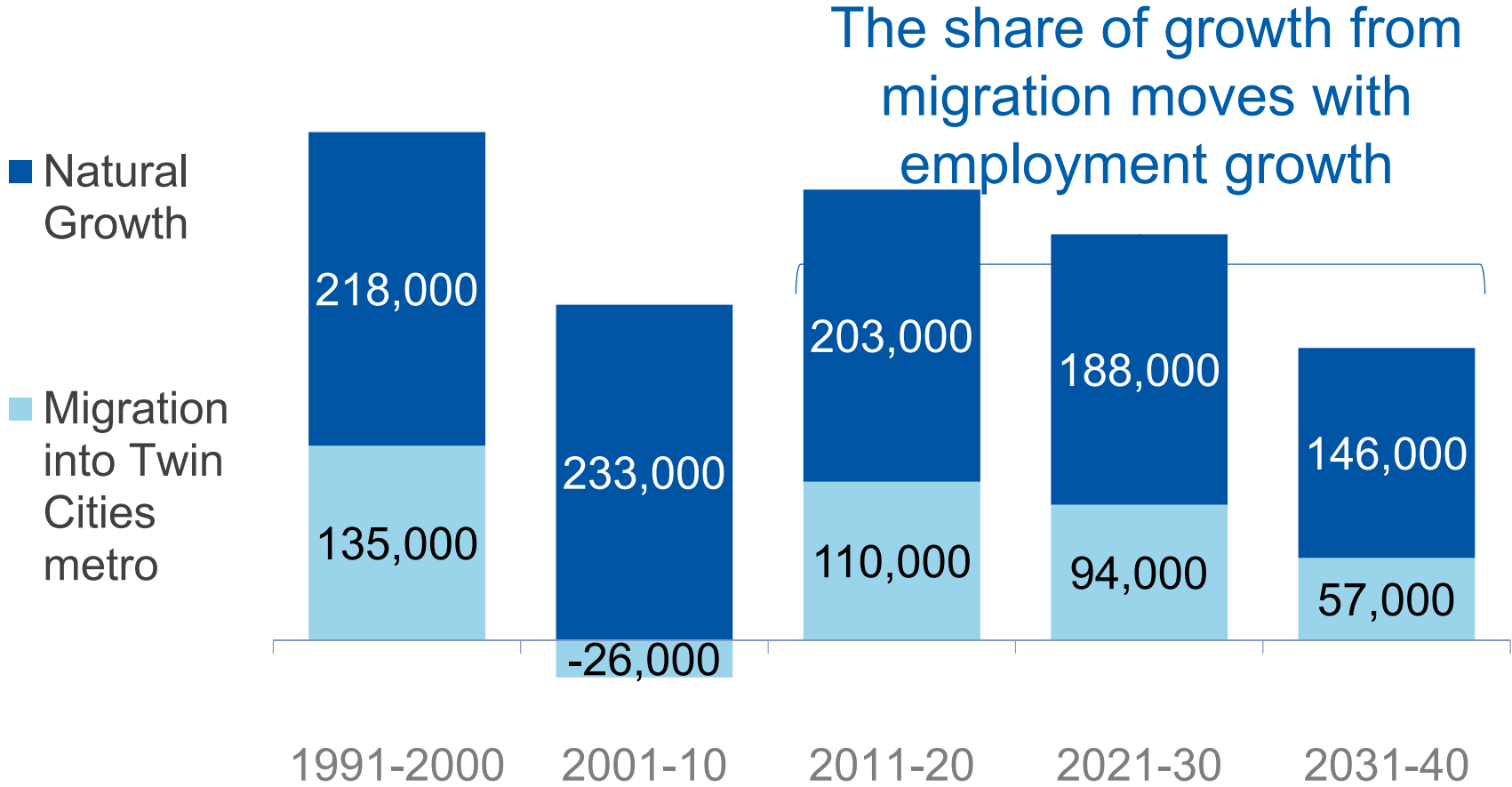


Population growth: +803,000 over 30 years



Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

Twin Cities population growth components



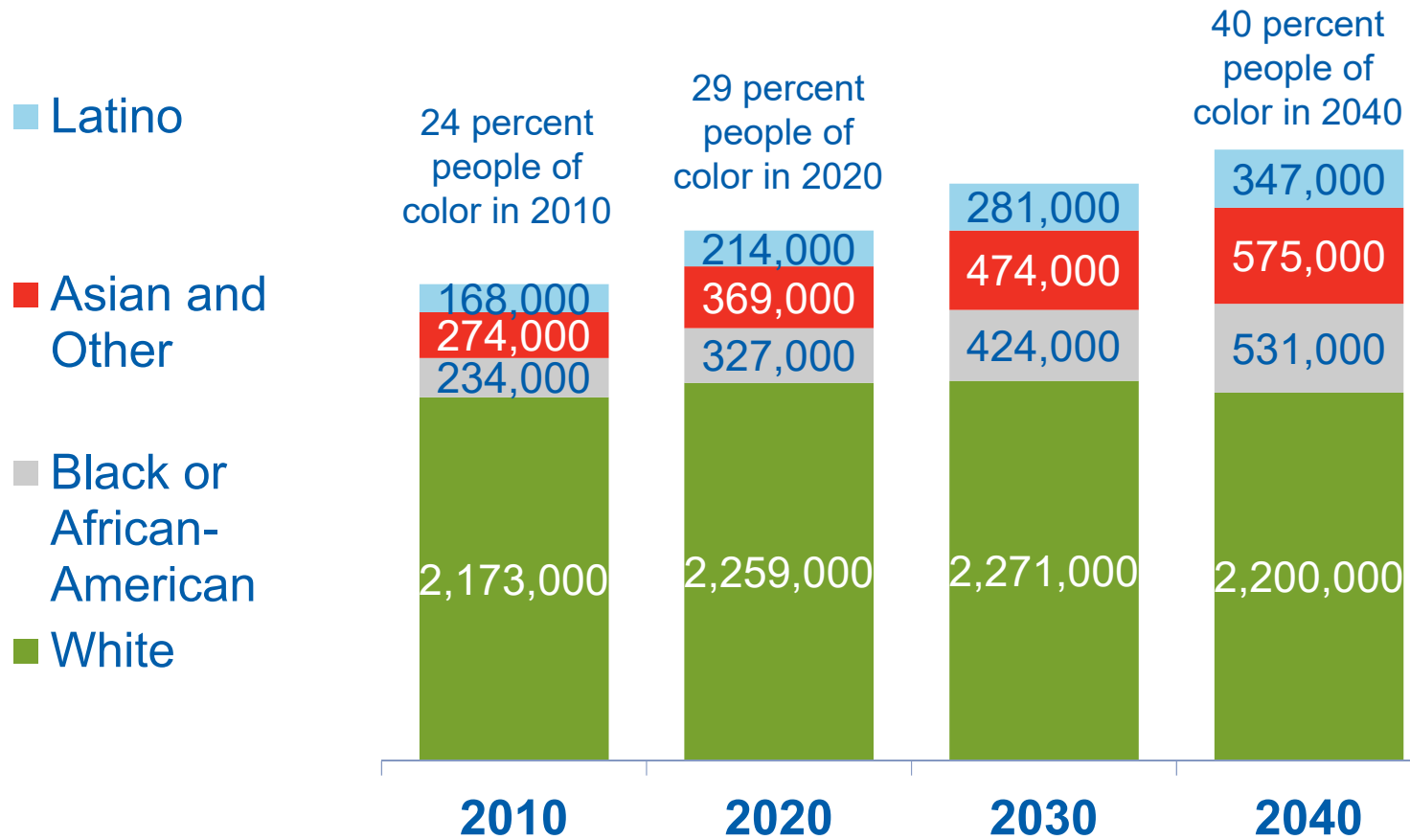
Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)



The forecast model highlights the main demographic trends

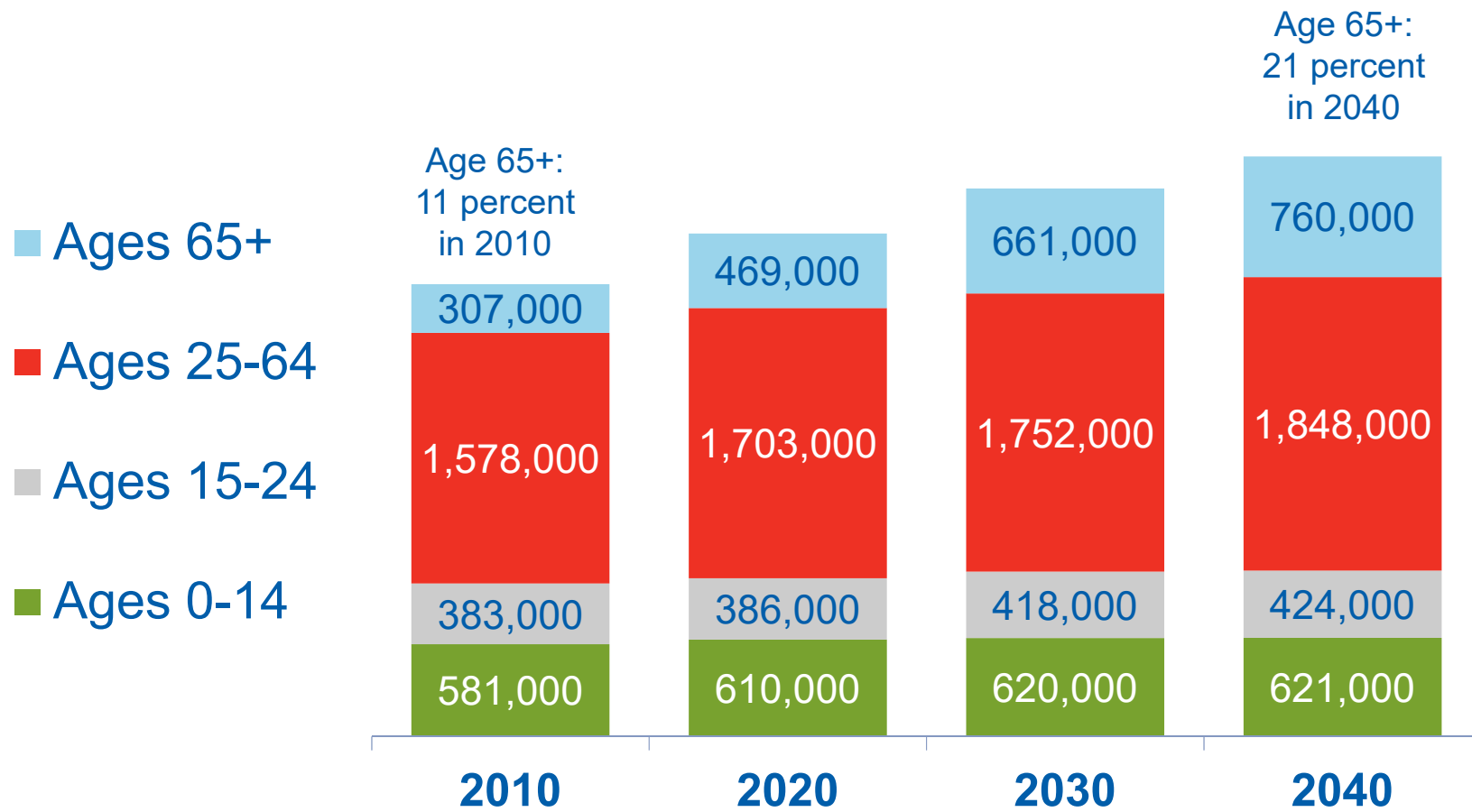
- Growing racial and ethnic diversity
- Aging of the population
- Changing mix of households
- All these will drive change in housing demand – where and what new housing are needed
- And changes in activity patterns, transportation patterns

Growing racial and ethnic diversity



Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

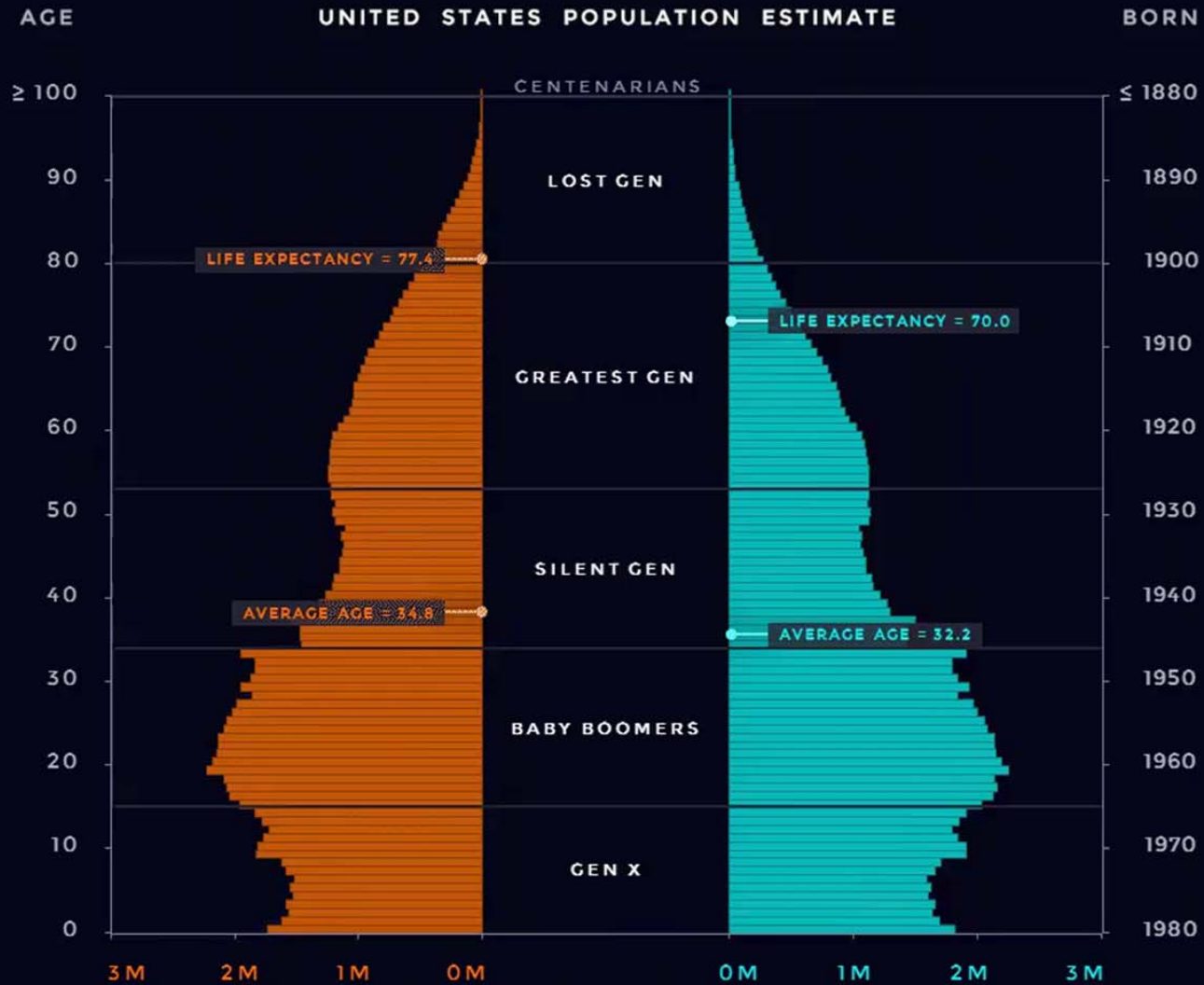
Aging of the population



Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

1980 | 2050

1980

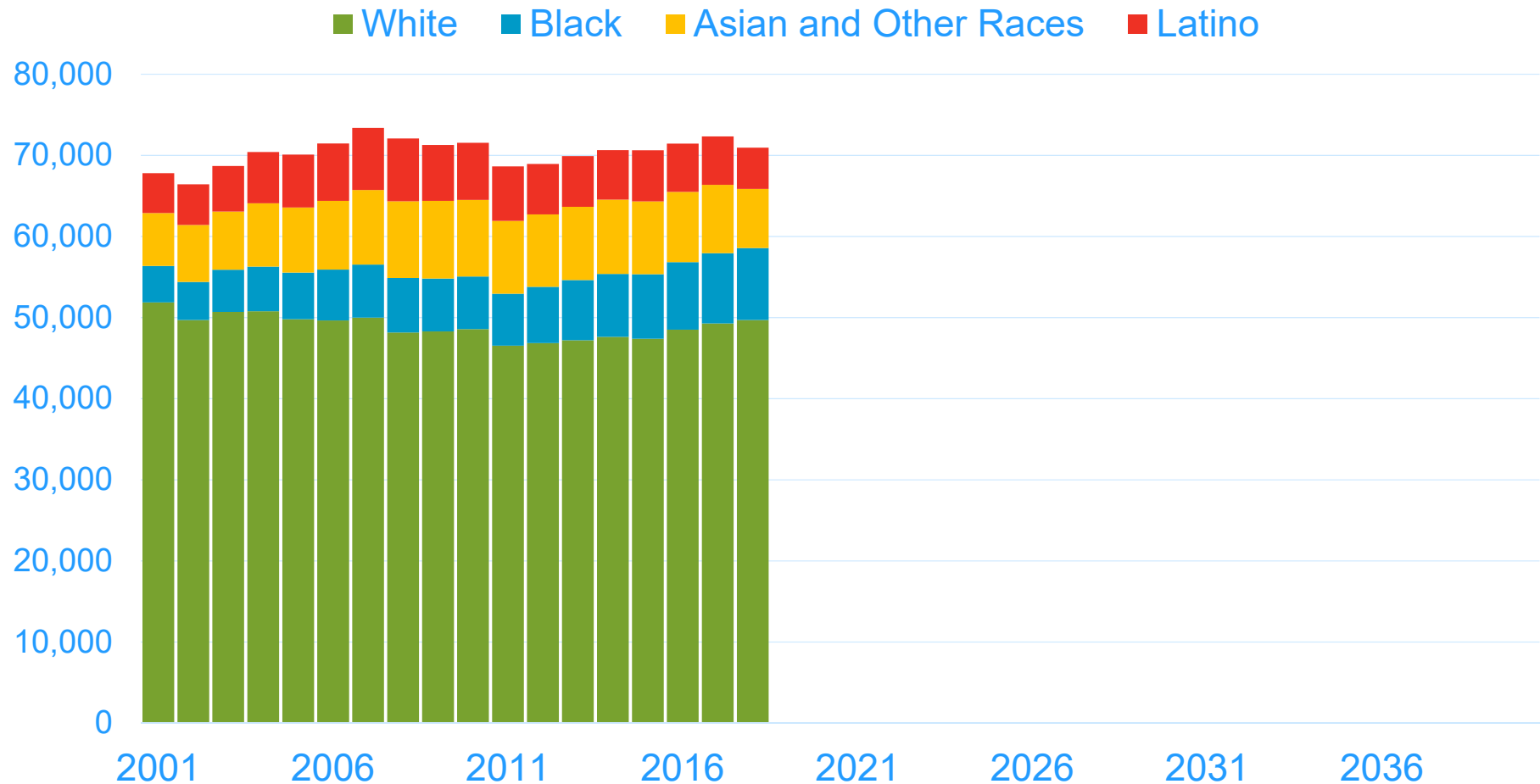


1 1 6 , 8 2 5 , 9 5 1 2 2 7 M 1 1 0 , 3 9 8 , 7 3 0

WOMEN PEOPLE MEN



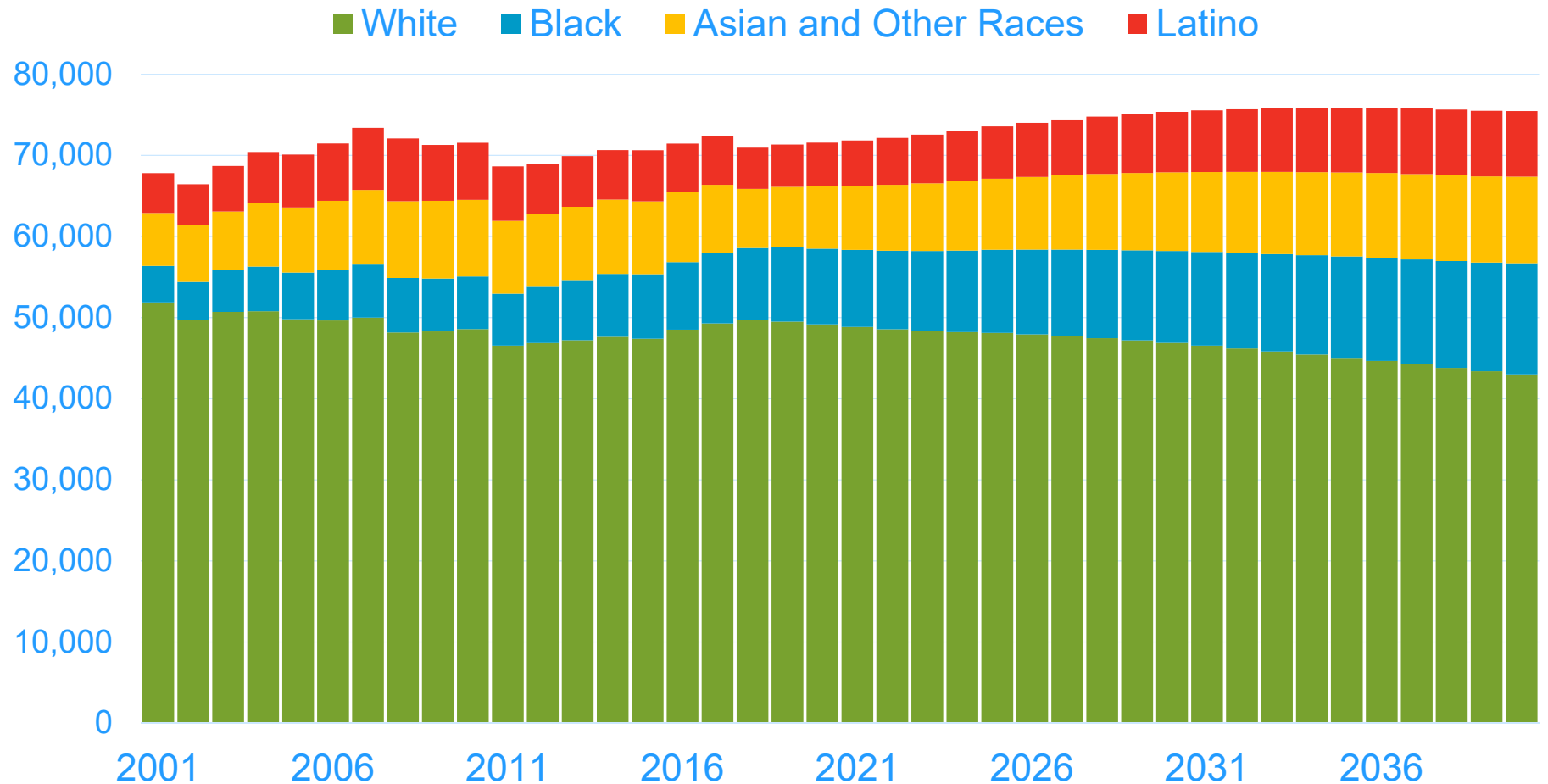
Minnesota: Births have leveled off... Birth *rates* are historically low



Source: 2001-2017 data from Minnesota Dept. of Health; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2017)



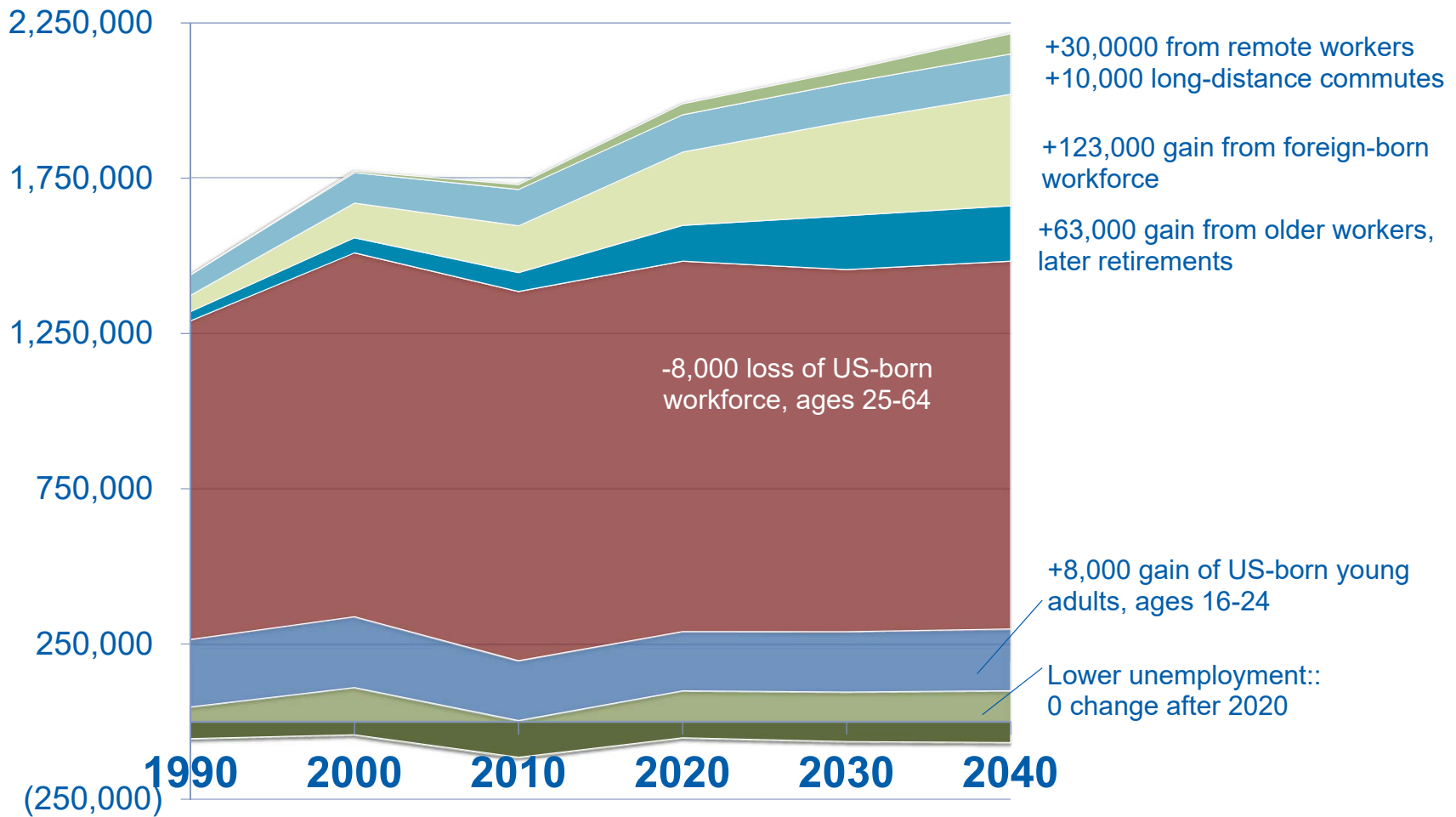
Minnesota: Births have leveled off... Birth *rates* are historically low



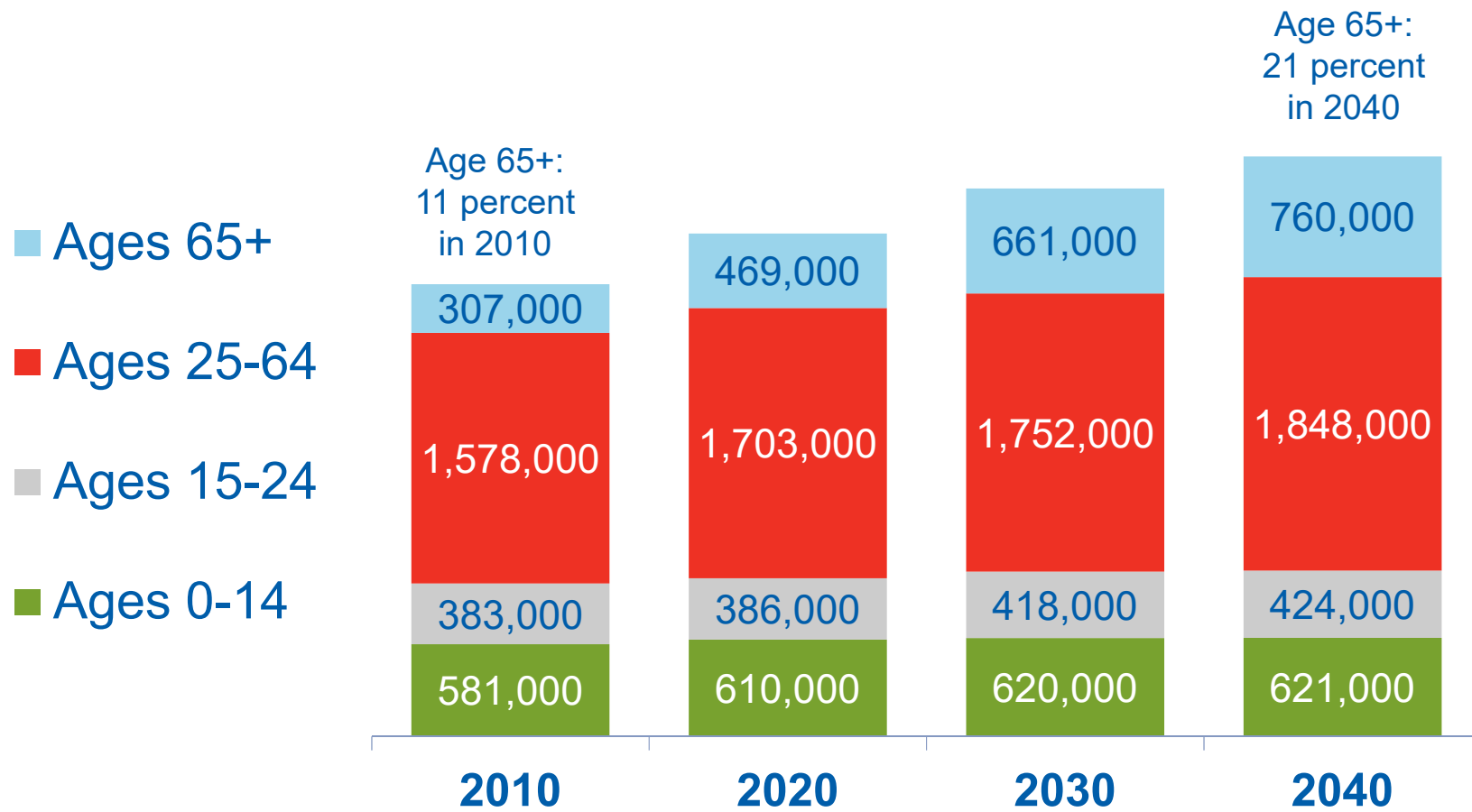
Source: 2001-2017 data from Minnesota Dept. of Health; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2017)



Where will the next 200,000 workers come from? MSP Region, 2020-2040

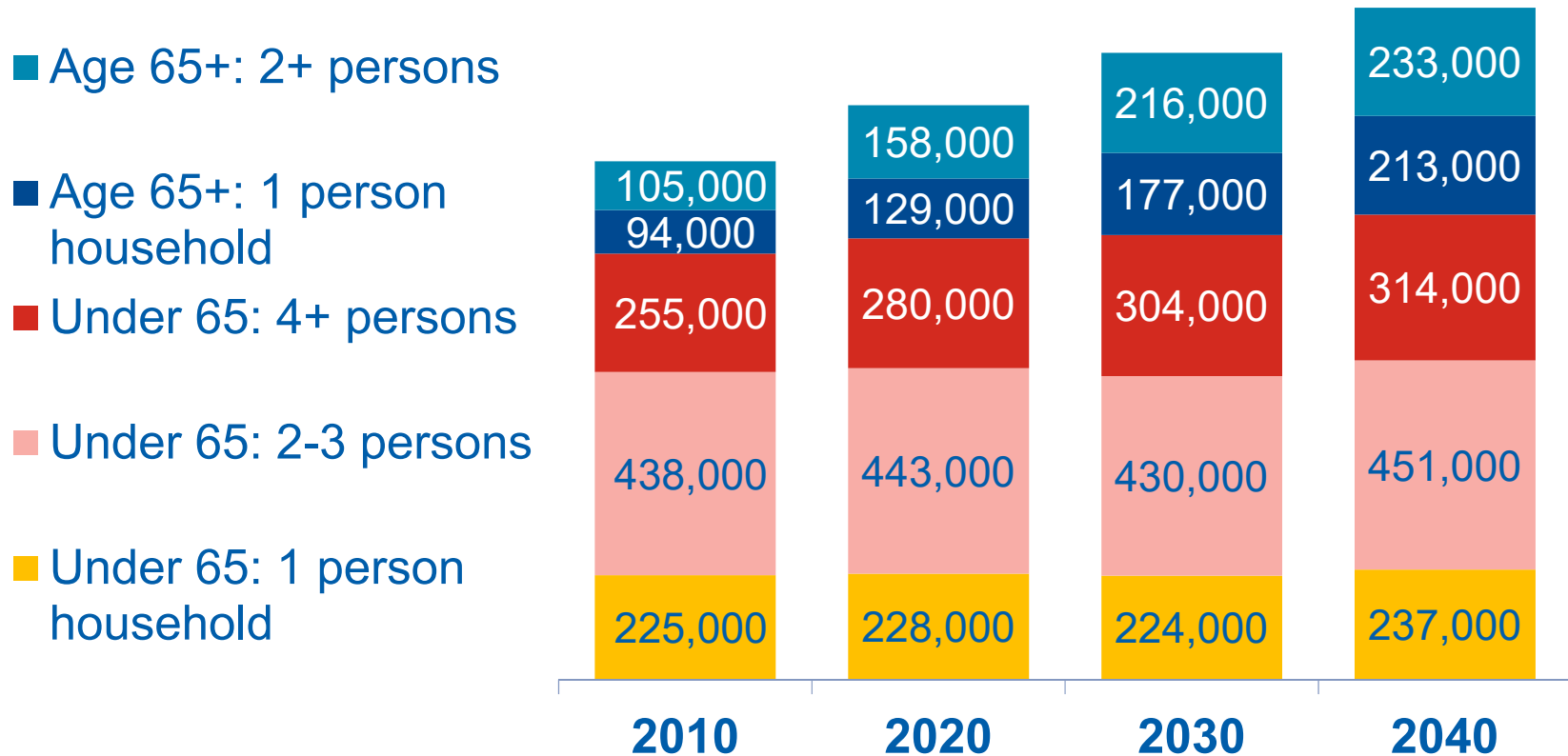


Aging of the population



Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

Smaller households, older households on rise



Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

Regional forecast to 2040

	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040
Population	2,642,000	2,850,000	3,168,000	3,451,000	3,653,000
Households	1,021,000	1,118,000	1,237,000	1,351,000	1,447,000
Employment	1,608,000	1,544,000	1,803,000	1,900,000	2,016,000

A rethinking of how we convert forecasted population into households

- If age-specific household rates had remained unchanged, average household size would have declined: from 2.50 in 2010 to 2.46 in 2018
- But households composition has changed
 - We have observed more extended family situations, delays in adult children leaving parents' households, “doubling up”
 - The average household size did not decline to 2.46, but instead has leveled off at 2.51 = a **2% shift in outcome**

Reduced households formation and depressed housing production

- A household economics problem
 - Household income growth has lagged far behind the run-up in housing prices
 - Housing production has suffered because of slack demand
- What we see already, observed 2010 to 2018:
 - Builders added only 76,000 housing units (supply) during 2010-18
 - Twin Cities metro added **96,000 households**
 - Short of result if household formation rates remained at 2010 levels: 120,000 households

The forecast model highlights the main demographic trends

- Growing racial and ethnic diversity
- Aging of the population
- Changing mix of households
- All these will drive change in housing demand – where and what new housing are needed
- And changes in activity patterns, transportation patterns

Met Council's local land use model



Where will we add jobs and households?

Totals from the *regional* model downscaled to *local* zones

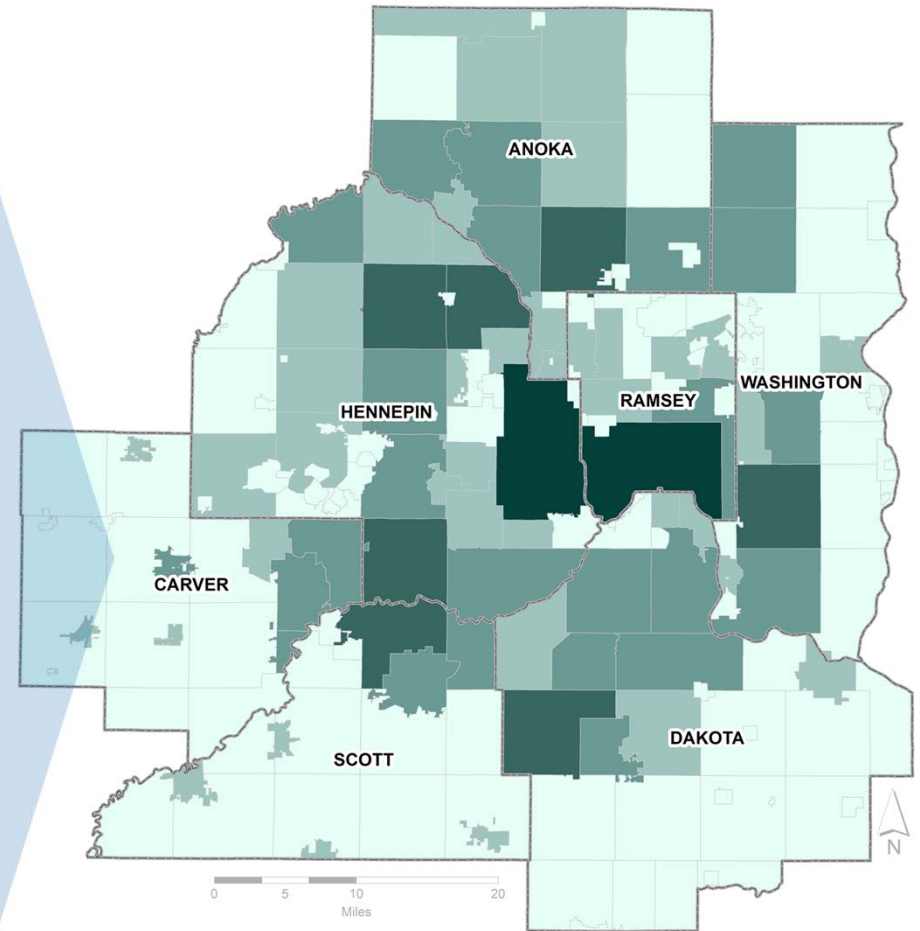
- Local land use model provides distributions of people and jobs
- Travel demand model returns future network conditions

Met Council's local land use model

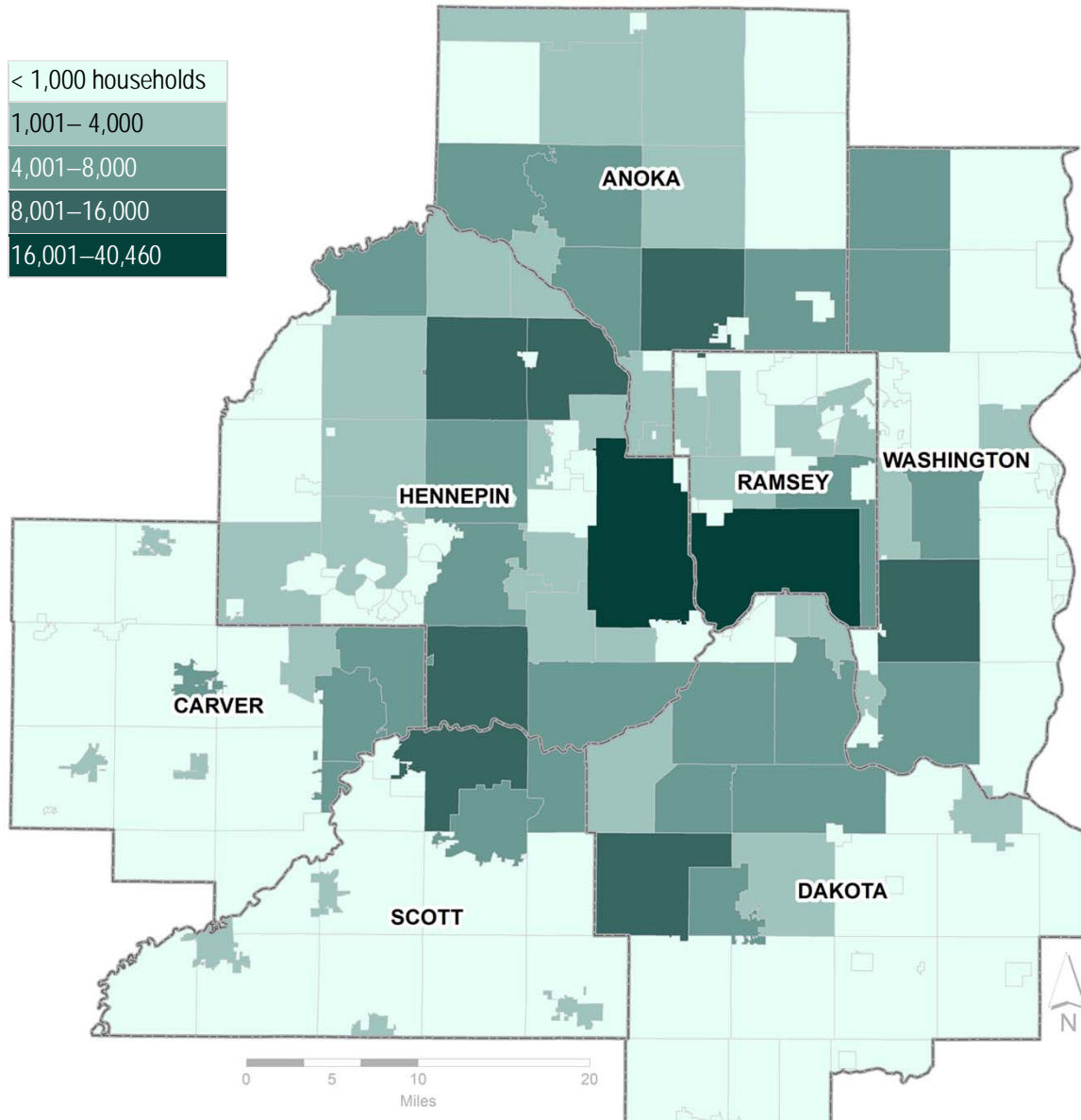
- *Where will we add jobs and households?*
- Modeling the dynamics of location choice
 - **Neighborhood choices:** What locations best suit preferences of households and employers?
 - **Supply of real estate:** What locations are viable to developers? Policies and land use controls set the envelope
 - **It's an economic model:** Location decisions mediated by real estate prices

Local data informs the model

- Base year land supply
- Employment levels
- Socio-economic
- Housing stock
- Building costs, land prices
- Average rents
- Land consumption rates
- Regional systems and services
- Planned land use as a constraint
- Accessibility, by car and by transit

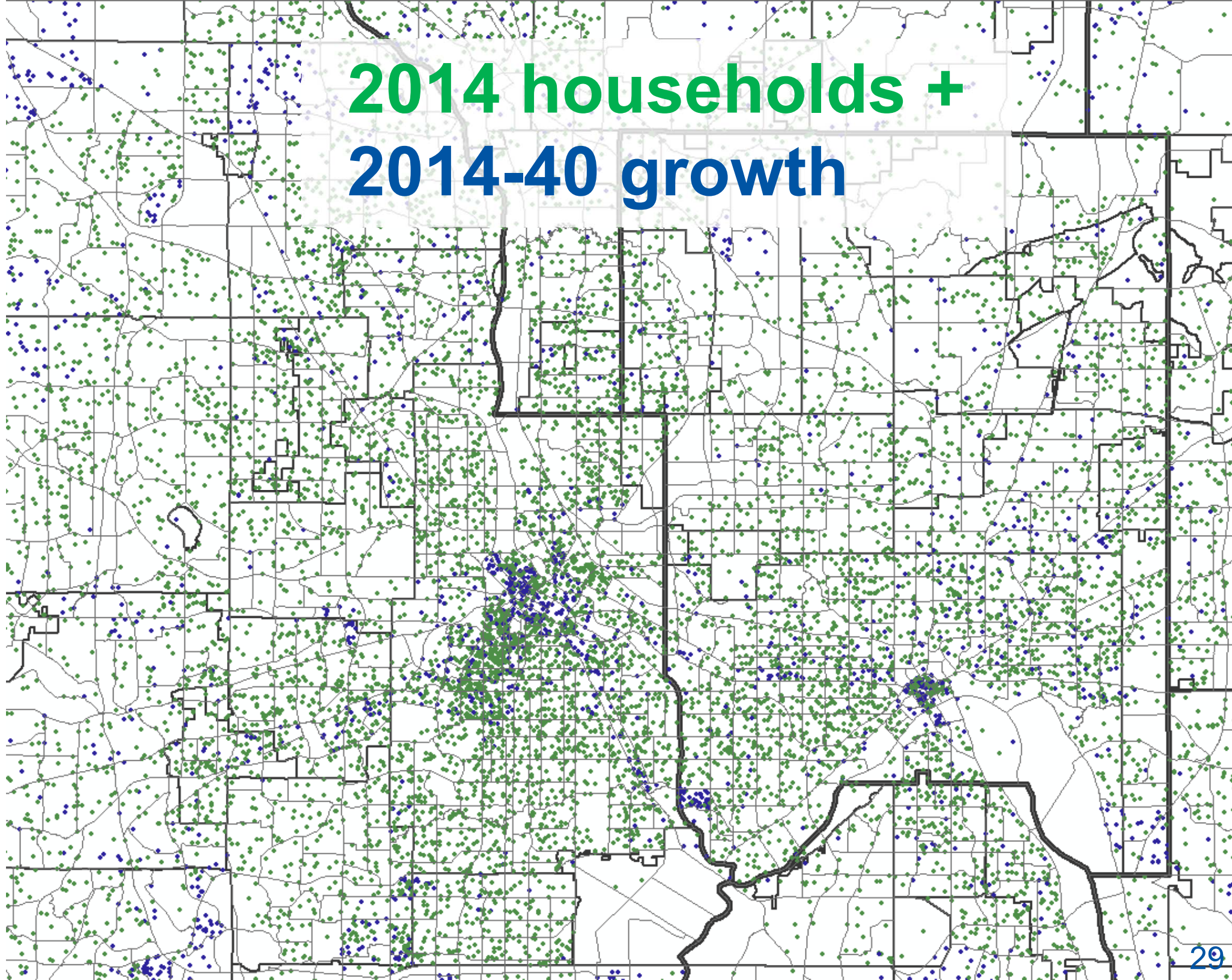


Forecast results: Households growth, 2020-2040



- The region will gain 210,000 households over 20 years
- Growth in all parts of the metro urban services area

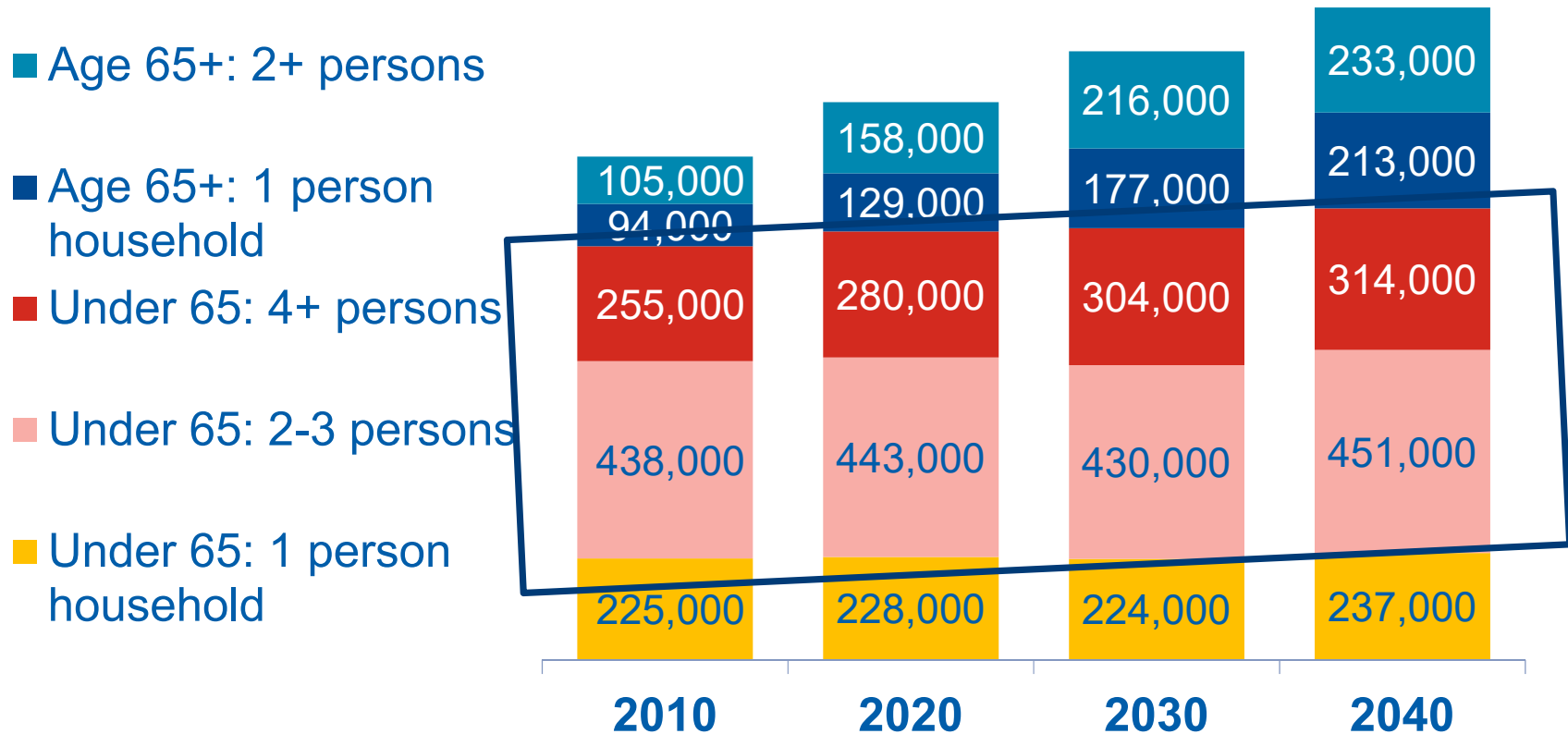
2014 households + 2014-40 growth



Some aspects of the local forecasts are surprising – but consistent with larger demographic and market trends

- Demand will continue changing – for both real estate types and locations
- The fastest growing demographics want central locations, access to destinations, and a mix of housing options

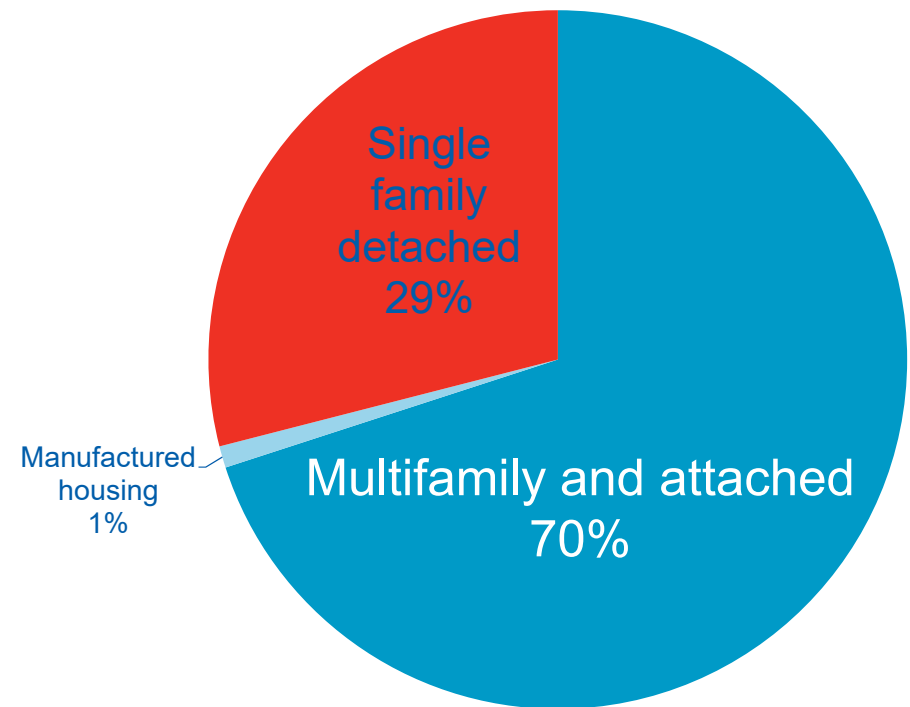
Smaller households, older households on rise



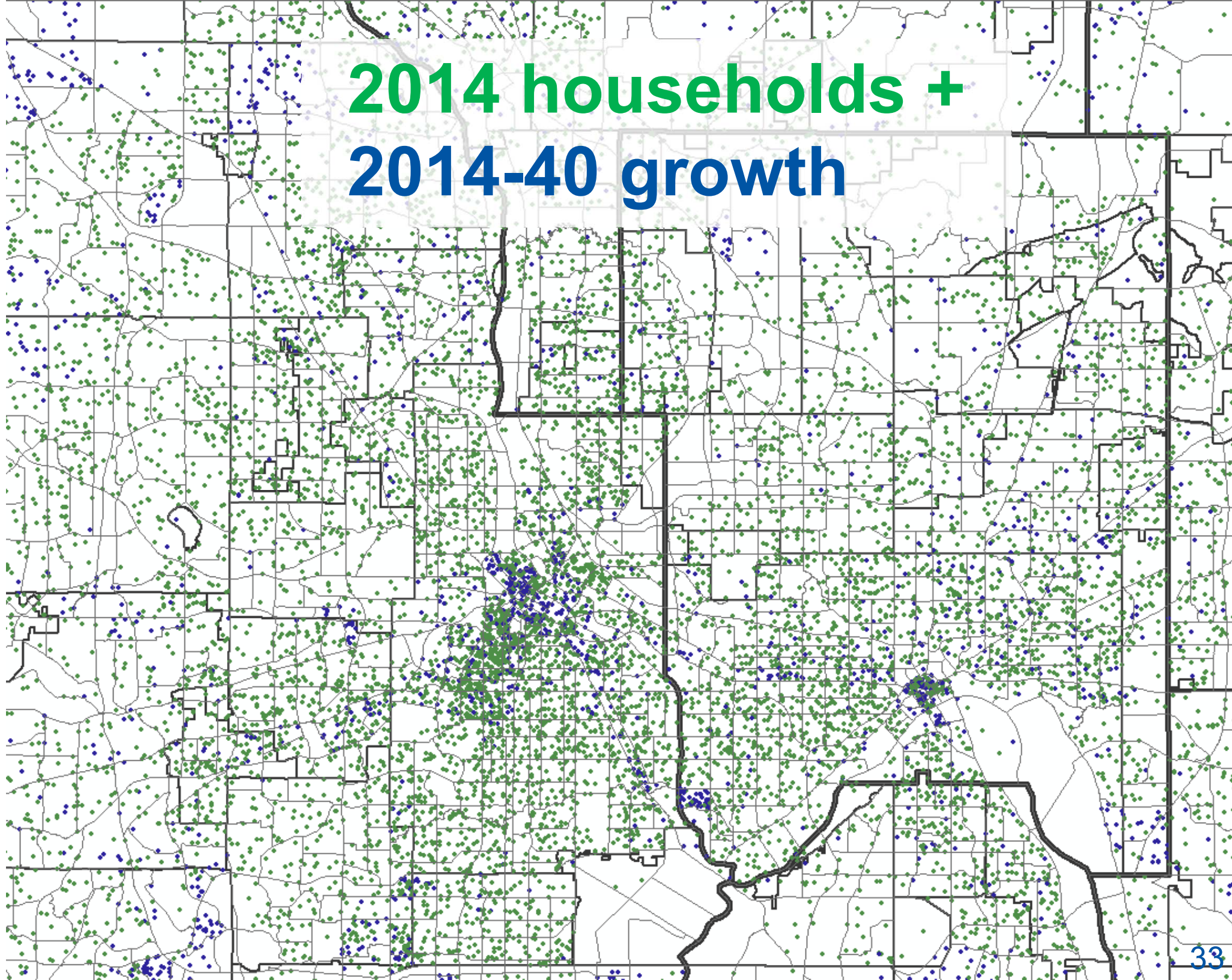
Source: 2010 data from Census Bureau; 2020-2040 forecasts from Metropolitan Council (2019)

Change coming in housing demand

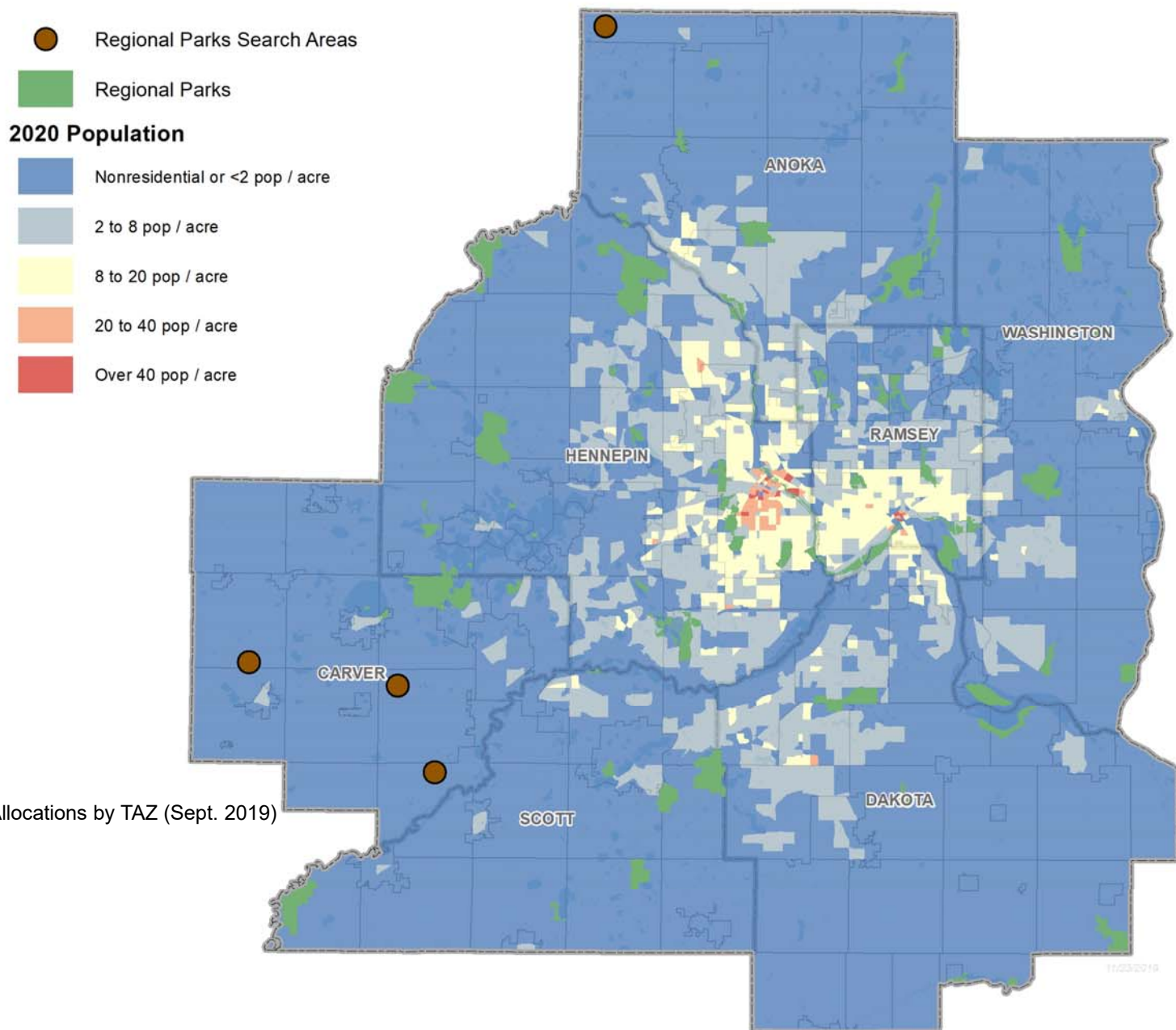
- With this demographic mix, most new housing will be multifamily or attached housing
- This is an estimate of long-term *demand*
- What developers have supplied or will supply could differ



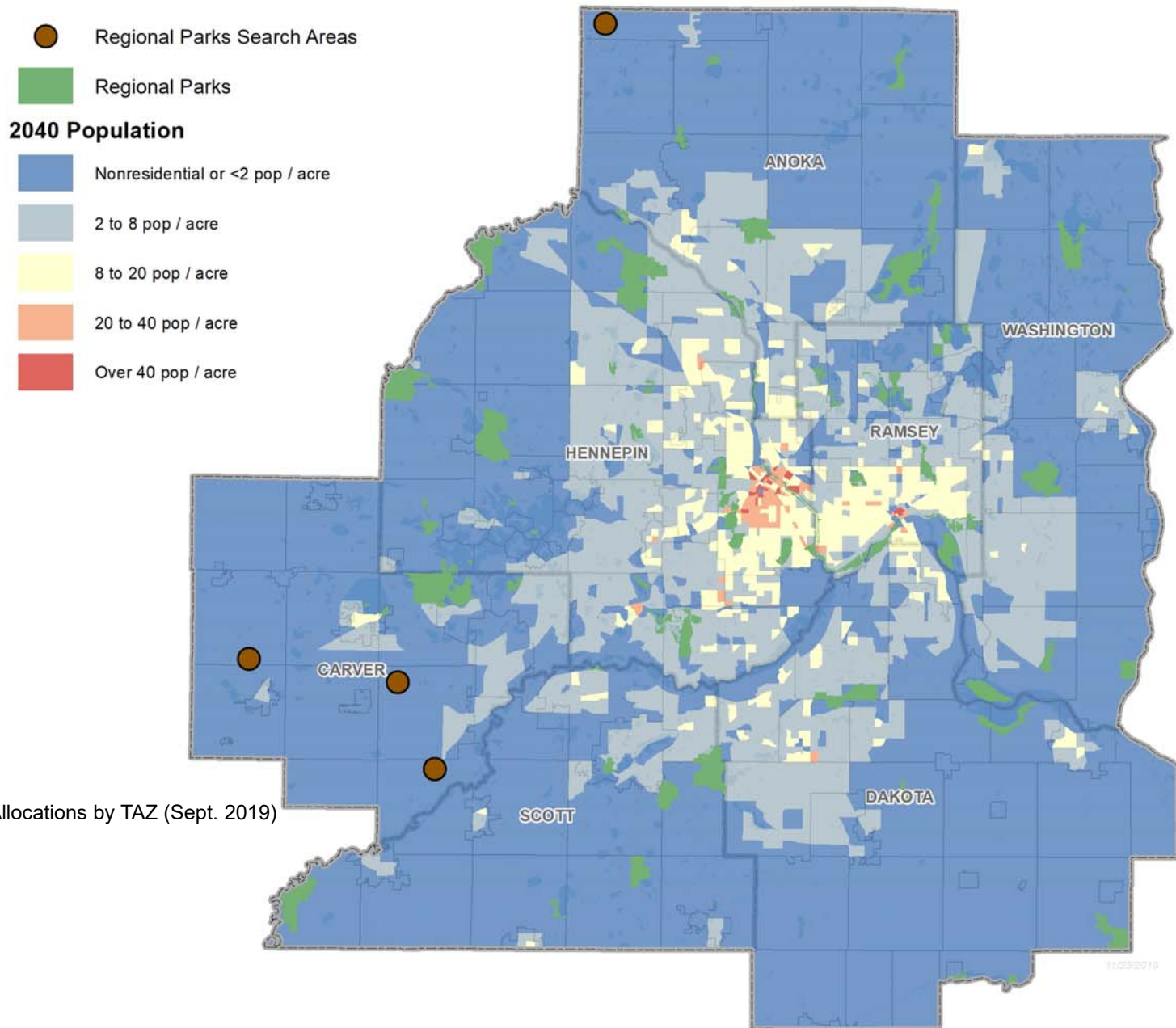
2014 households + 2014-40 growth



Forecasted 2020 population

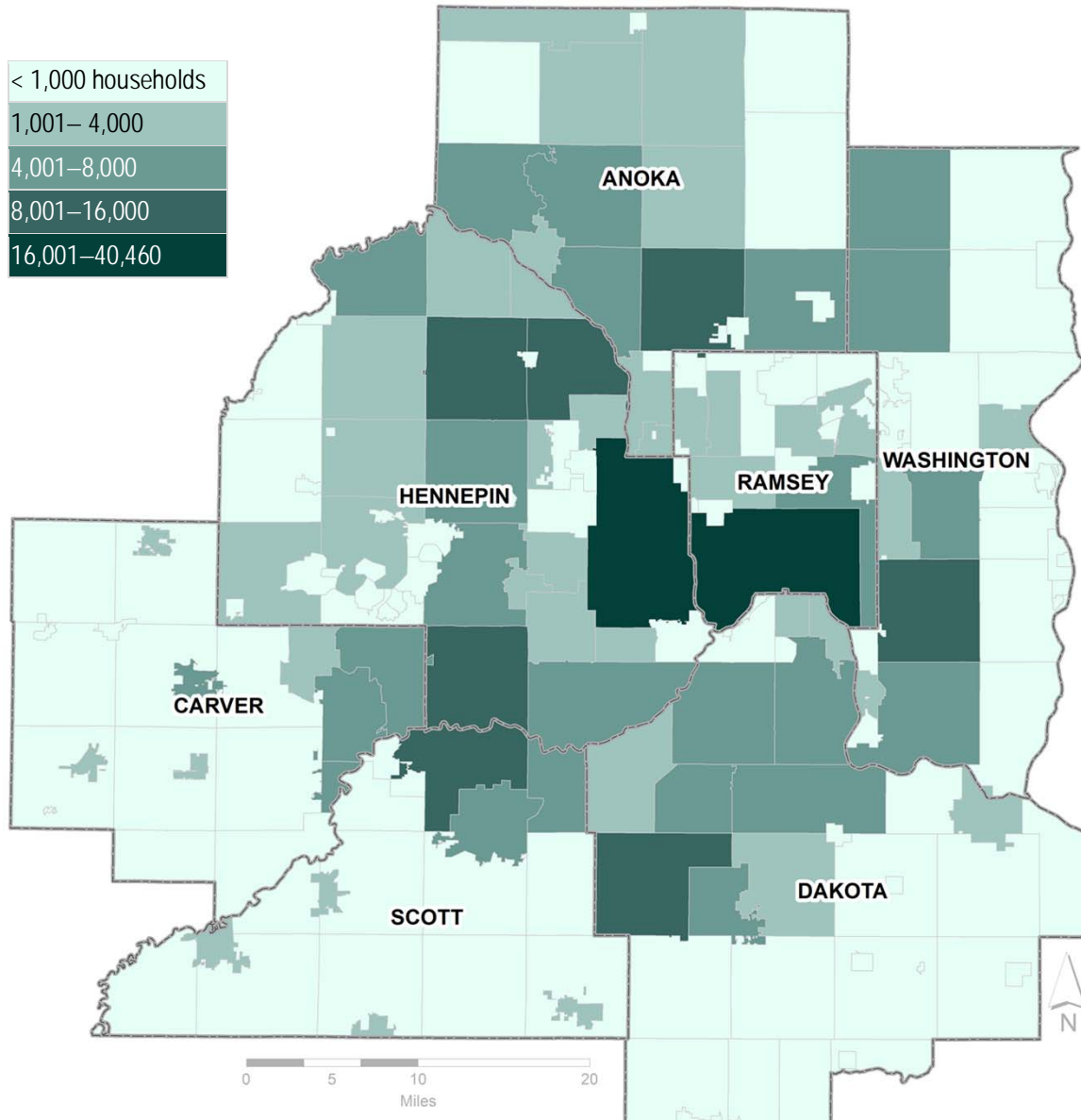


Forecasted 2040 population



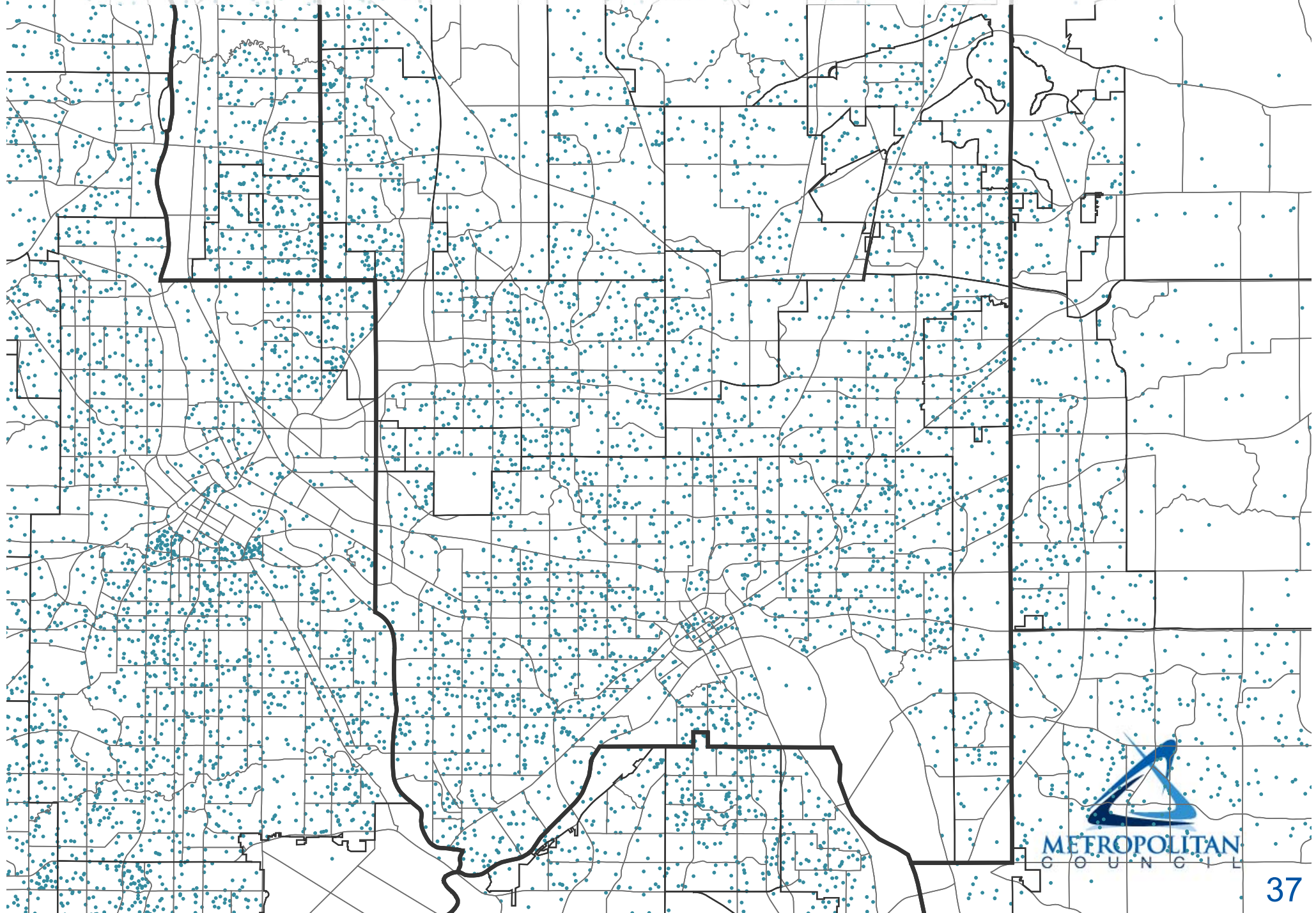
Source: Forecast Allocations by TAZ (Sept. 2019)

Forecast results: Households growth, 2020-2040

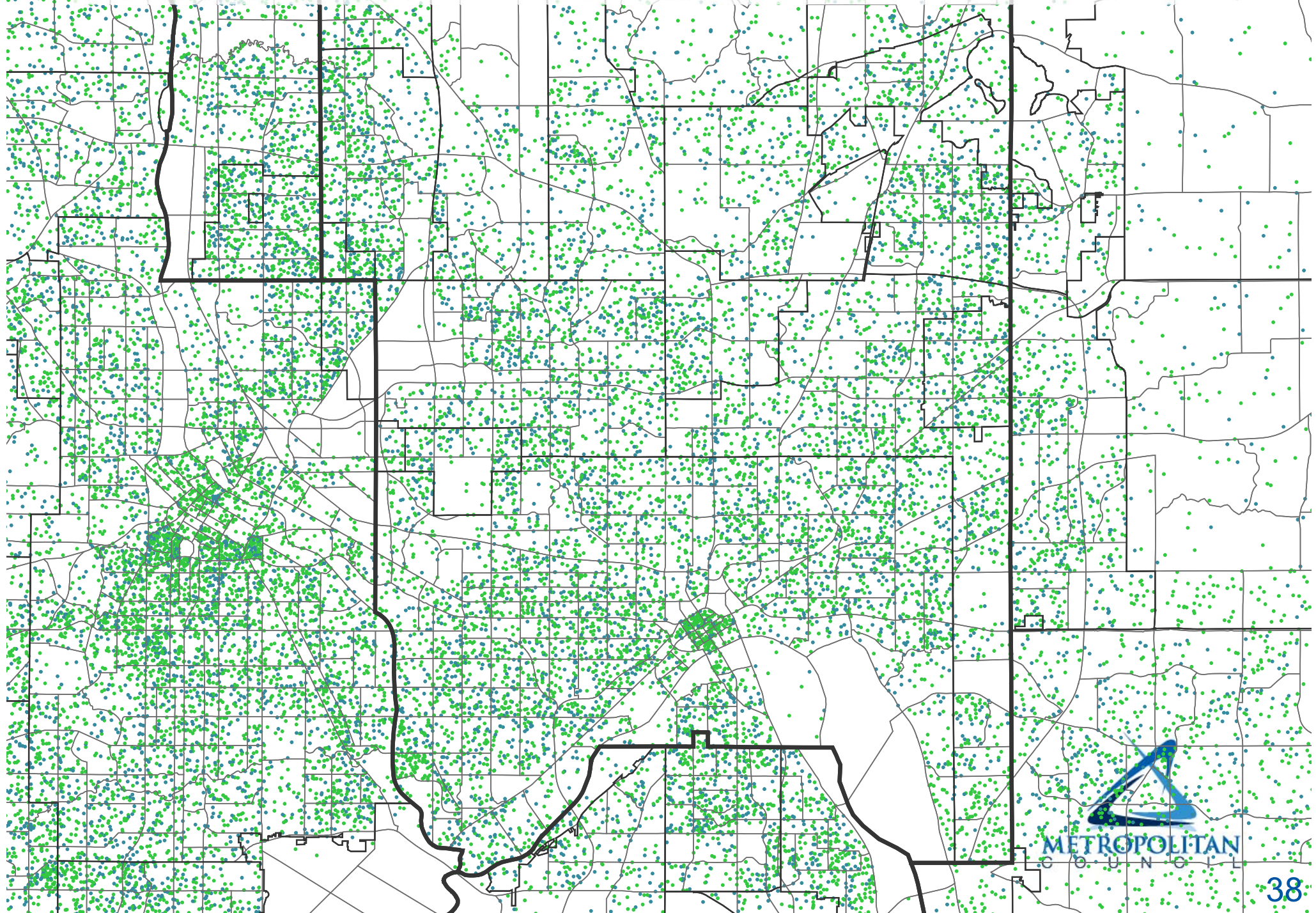


- The region will gain 210,000 households over 20 years
- Growth in all parts of the metro urban services area

65 and over population: 2014



65 and over population: 2040



Aging: Planning considerations

- With retirement and aging come big changes in how people spend their day
 - Less time working, more time at home and in neighborhoods
- For community planners, considerations include:
 - recreation, arts and entertainment demand
 - transportation
 - emergency services and social services
 - need for life cycle housing options

More information

- 2040 forecasts for cities, townships:
<https://metro council.org/forecasts/>
- 2040 forecasts for transportation analysis zones (19 counties):
<https://gisdata.mn.gov/dataset?q=taz+forecast>

The next 20 years: A growing, changing region

Todd Graham, Principal Forecaster
Todd.Graham@metc.state.mn.us

Metro Leagues of Women Voters
January 11, 2020

